FREED

over sin?

TO

LOVE

DISCUSSION

QUESTIONS

GALATIANS 5:1-15

OPENING UP: This week's discussion is about freedom. Specifically, the freedom that Christ's sacrifice on the cross issues to every Christian. As you begin your discussion think through the following: What are some of the burdens in life or perhaps even responsibilities you carry that you have wished you could be free from?

1	Think about what people actually mean when they talk about wanting freedom. What are some of the things that they are actually wanting?	
	■ Read John 8:36, Romans 6:22. Christ offers a deeper and more meaningful kind of freedom—freedom from sin and death. True freedom in Christ doesn't mean the absence of authority, but living under the good and gracious authority of God, which leads to peace, joy, and righteousness. How does this idea of freedom challenge or reshape our typical understanding?	
	Contrast how "freedom" in the world's sense leads to bondage and how Christ's freedom leads to life. How are you thankful for the freedom that Christ offers you?	
	Think of a time recently where you were striving for freedom and it was motivated by selfish desires. How did that work out? What lessons did you learn? How did you get a right compass heading after that?	
2	We all basically have 1 of 3 different consciences at any given timewe are either relaxed (we don't see or sin), obsessed (we are too focused on our sin), or liberated (we are resting in Christ). Survey the following passages and look for each: 1 John 1:8, Psalm 32:3-4, Rom. 8:1-3.	
	■ Most of us naturally tend towards losing or abusing Christian freedomin an obsessed or relaxed conscience. Some of us like to rigidly follow the "rules" of Christianity and we take pride in that. Others of us feel footloose and fancy free without regard of rules or how our freedom affects others. Which one do you tend toward What are you doing about that tendency?	
	What makes it so difficult to stay in that place of liberation?	

A How can we remind ourselves daily to rest in Christ and avoid the extremes of either ignorance or obsession

3 Galatians 5:5 says that Christians are those who "through the Spirit, by faitheagerly wait for the harighteousness." In a sense, everyonereligious and irreligious alikeare "waiting for eternity." People wany different ways. How would you describe the way that people naturally wait?		
é	Read Rom 8:23; Heb 9:27-28; 2 Tim 4:8, Titus 2:11-14. What makes Christianity i eternity?	unique in how we wait for
	In Galatians 5, there are several pictures/metaphors for "anxious waiting" that righteousness. Can you find them? (See verses 1&3, 4, 7, 8, 9) Which of these do y	-
	How should the unique assurance that the gospel offers shape how we live today hopeful waiting in our daily lives?	y? How can we cultivate this
	a life of fruitful service to s. In what practical everyday s liberty can be viewed apart	
(According to Galatians 5:13-14, what is the goal and end result of Christian liber	rty?
	How does Romans 13:8-10 describe this "new law" under which believers are able to operate?	PRAYER REQUESTS
•	The Protestant Reformer Martin Luther said "God doesn't need our works; our neighbor does." How does this lead to better obedience and service in the Christian life? Instead of trying to "score points" with God, we should see our good works as ways to reflect God's love to others. What are some ways in which this might change how you practice your relationship with God and others?	